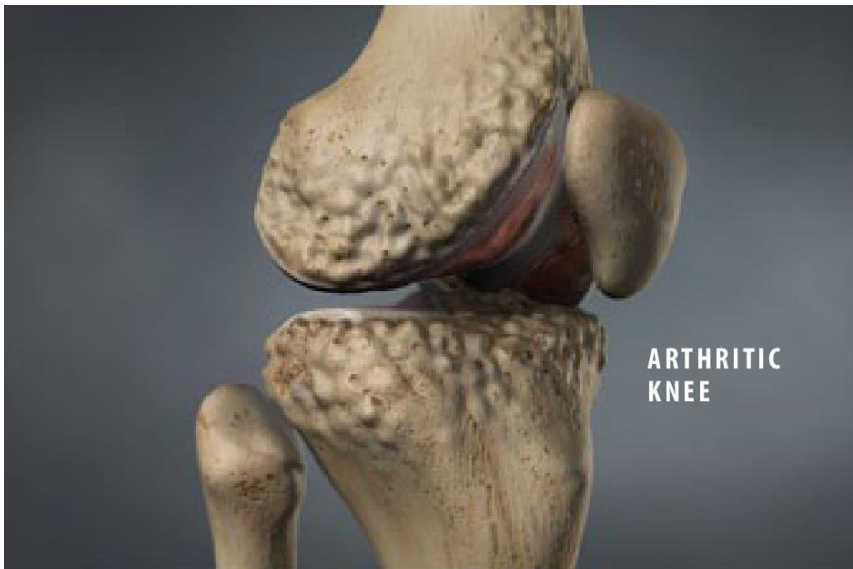




TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT



Overview

This procedure restores function to a severely damaged knee. Most commonly, it is used to repair a knee that has been damaged by arthritis. During the procedure, the surgeon replaces the damaged portions of the knee with artificial parts. These parts consist of a metal femoral component, a metal tibial component and a plastic spacer. A small plastic patellar component is typically used.

Preparation

In preparation for the procedure, anesthesia is administered and the patient is positioned. The surgeon makes an incision in the front of the knee. The surgeon gently moves the kneecap out of the way to expose the joint.

Reshaping the Bones

The surgeon carefully trims away the damaged ends of the femur and the tibia. The surgeon removes cartilage and a small amount of underlying bone, reshaping the bones to provide a stable platform for the artificial components.

Inserting the Metal Components

After the bones have been prepared, the surgeon may apply bone cement to stabilize these components. The surgeon inserts the metal femoral and tibial components.

Inserting the Spacer

The surgeon secures a plastic spacer onto the tibia component. The spacer will allow the femoral component to glide smoothly and naturally as the knee is used.

Patellar Resurfacing

In addition to repairing the femur and tibia, the surgeon may also choose to resurface the kneecap. If so, the surgeon will carefully trim away the back of the kneecap and replace it with a small plastic cap.

Testing the Joint

When all of the components are in place, the surgeon tests the components by guiding the knee through a range of movements. The surgeon checks to make sure the knee flexes and extends with a fluid and natural motion.



TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT



SURFACES
PREPARED



ARTIFICIAL
KNEE

End of Procedure

When the procedure is complete, the surgeon closes the incision and bandages the knee.

Physical therapy is an important part of recovery.



Scan here to learn more about
Persona IQ – “THE SMART KNEE”

TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

What to expect post-operatively:

- Decrease in energy level. Your body is using a lot of energy to heal.
- Get plenty of rest and eat well (please consider the nutrition program shared in this booklet)
- Some swelling and stiffness is to be expected.

Activity Restrictions:

- Get up and move around every hour
- Avoid sitting in overly soft chairs
- Do NOT put a pillow under your new knee joint, instead you may put a pillow under your ankle to promote knee extension (Keeping knee straight)

Sleeping:

- It's OK to take short naps during the day

Driving:

- No driving until you have been cleared by your physician to drive
- Do not drive while taking narcotic pain medications or muscle relaxants
- You may be a passenger in a car

Walking: Walking is one of your BEST exercises

- You are encouraged to get out and walk. Be aware of slanted driveways, gravel and uneven surfaces
- Gradually increase your walking distance each day
- Listen to your body; allow comfort to be your guide
- You will progress from a walker to a cane, and then to no assistive device depending on progress, balance and safety
- Do not pivot on surgical leg

Sitting:

- Place a pillow in your chair when you sit. You always want your hips higher than your knees
- When sitting, sit with feet flat on the floor. This is a great time to also work on knee flexion (bending your knee)

Stairs:

- Climb as needed, but avoid making too many trips up and down stairs

TED Hose:

- Continue to wear TED hose (compression stockings) for 4-6 weeks after surgery as instructed by your surgeon

NO Smoking:

- Do not smoke as it delays healing and increases the risk of infection



ALL TOTALS Hygiene/Incision Care:

- Always wash hands prior to touching incision
- **Do not** allow pets to lick or be near incision until completely healed
- If an Aquacel®, PICO®, or Mepilex® dressing was used you may shower and get the dressing wet, it is waterproof. These dressings stay in place for 7 days and then are removed.
- Once the dressing is removed you may get your incision wet in the shower. Be sure to verify specific dressing instructions, as this sometimes varies from patient to patient.
- If you were approved for the Medflow collagen dressing – please follow the instructions provided in the shipment
- **Do not** take a bath or soak the incision in water until cleared by your provider
- During your shower allow the water to run over your incision and gently wash with soap and water once daily
- Pat the incision dry and apply a new, clean bandage while there is still drainage from the incision
- If not using the collagen dressing – you can discontinue the bandage and leave incision open to air if there is no drainage (after a minimum of 7 days)
- You may have a special type of glue sealing your incision. Do not scrub off. Glue will gradually begin to fall off on its own
- No lotions, ointments or peroxide on the incision unless otherwise specified
- Wear loose fitting clothes over your incision area to avoid irritation

Returning to Work:

- Your physician will instruct when you can return to work at your follow-up visit

Diet and Constipation:

- You may return to your regular diet as soon as you feel like it
- Drink plenty of fluids to stay hydrated. 6-8 glasses of liquid (water, juice) per day
- Eat a diet high in fiber (whole grains and fresh fruits and vegetables)
- Pain medications may make you constipated. Use a stool softener such as Colace 100mg 2 times a day as needed until bowels are regular again. Call your physician if constipation persists

Medications and Pain Control:

- Resume your regular medications unless otherwise advised
- May apply ice to knee for 20-30 minutes each hour as needed for pain
- Do not use ice right before a therapy session as it tightens up your muscles, but you may use after your therapy session
- You will be provided with appropriate pain medications. Please follow the prescription instructions on the bottle
- Your pain should gradually decrease at which time you may switch to Tylenol or no pain medication at all
- Do not take pain medication on an empty stomach
- Do not drink alcohol while on pain medication



Call your physician's office at ANY time if you have problems such as:

- Fever over 101.5 degrees that persists over 6 hours
- Experiencing side effects from the medications prescribed, such as itching, nausea, vomiting or burning in your stomach
- A substantial increase in pain uncontrolled with pain medication prescribed Increased
- redness or swelling of the incision
- Persistent or increasing drainage from the incision
- Drainage from the incision that has an odor or is tan, yellow or green in color and thick in consistency
- Separation of incision
- If no bowel movement after the use of laxatives, lack of flatulence, abdominal bloating, diarrhea, excessive belching, nausea, and/or vomiting

Go directly to the nearest ER or call 9-1-1 if you:

- Become short of breath Have chest pain
- Cough up blood
- Have unexplained anxiety with breathing

Follow-up Appointment:

- Follow-up with your physician/Provider in 2 weeks.
- If your follow-up appointment has not already been made, please call for appointment.
- Follow-up with your primary care physician if instructed



www.jiffykneeof tennessee.com

